## Opposite direction for seasonal variation of aflatoxin M<sub>1</sub> in bulktank milk and aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub> in rations: results from a prospective study in selected dairy farms of Qazvin province, Iran

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## Abstract

In the present study, aflatoxin  $M_1$  (AFM<sub>1</sub>) in bulk milk (n=72) and aflatoxin  $B_1$  (AFB<sub>1</sub>) in concurrent rations (TMRs; n=48) and feed ingredients (n=230) were assessed in 12 dairy farms in winter and summer. Bulk milk was sampled on days 1, 15 and 30 of the study. Feeds were sampled at days 1 and 30. Aflatoxin was measured using ELISA kits (detection ranges: 1-81 ngkg<sup>-1</sup> for milk, 1.25-101.25 ngkg<sup>-1</sup> for feeds). AFM<sub>1</sub> was identified in all milk samples (range: 2.03 to >81 ngkg<sup>-1</sup>; median: 70 ngkg<sup>-1</sup>). Overall, 76% of milk samples (n=55/72) had AFM<sub>1</sub> levels <81 ngkg<sup>-1</sup> (Iranian limit:100 ngkg<sup>-1</sup>). Contaminations >81 ngkg<sup>-1</sup> (n=17/72; 24%) were more frequent in winter (n=15/36 vs. 2/36). Sixty-nine percent of winter (n=25/36) and 31% of summer samples (n=11/36) had contaminations above the median. The chance of contaminations above the median was higher in winter (OR=5.33, P=0.007). All TMRs and ingredients had higher contaminations in summer. Seventy percent of summer and 30% of winter TMRs had contaminations above median (716 ngkg<sup>-1</sup>). The chance of TMR contamination above median was higher in summer (OR=5.57, P=0.002). The lower AFM<sub>1</sub> levels in summer could be due to reduced hepatic AFB<sub>1</sub> metabolism and lower dry matter intake induced by heat stress. Grain mix  $(r_s=0.90; P=0.001)$ , corn silage  $(r_s=0.66; P=0.001)$  and wet beet pulp  $(r_s=0.68; P=0.005)$  were the most prominent contaminants of TMRs. Due to the limitations of the diagnostic kit and different year-round nutritional conditions, higher or lower AFM<sub>1</sub> contaminations are probable. With the current nutritional practices, higher summer contamination may happen if heat stress is efficiently controlled.

Key words: Aflatoxin, Bulk milk, Dairy cows, Ration

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